Guidelines for the Recognition and Approval of Oral Tradition in the Arts and Sciences

1. Above all, be **courteous, respectful, and mindful** of cultural sensitivities. Some of the cultures whose arts and sciences we are interested in recreating are present in our contemporary world and may have regulations and/or traditions within their culture regarding *how, when, and by whom* some of their arts and sciences may be demonstrated, performed, or used.

2. **Provenance**, specifying when and where information was collected, ideally including from whom and by whom. Citing “an old story”, “legend”, “mythology”, or “folktale” without specific provenance is not acceptable documentation.

3. **Evidence** of oral tradition for that culture prior to the 17th Century. Consider the reputation of the source. Was the source known for accuracy, or for exaggeration?

4. **Consider context**. Is this information intended as an historical list of leaders, events, procedures, or items, or is it intended as an allegorical story? Consider the context of the original audience. Has the information been passed down through generations of tribal elders, or is it an uncorroborated story relayed only by a modern person?

5. **Consistency** with any known archeological record(s), or possibly corroborated by traditions of neighboring peoples, and consistency with any existing academic approaches to oral tradition.

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